Elapsed Time: Count Forward in Minutes

Answers and adult support.

Six checked durations

1. 15 minutes. 2. 25 minutes. 3. 25 minutes. 4. 30 minutes. 5. 15 minutes. 6. 45 minutes.

Count to the next hour when useful

10:35 to 11:00 is 25 minutes. 11:45 to 12:00 is 15 minutes, then 10 more to 12:10: 25 in total. 2:50 to 3:00 is 10 minutes, then 5 more: 15 in total.

Read a duration, not a clock label

The example bridges 10:50 to 11:00 (10 minutes) and 11:00 to 11:15 (15 minutes). Add 10 and 15 to get 25 minutes. Hours contain 60 minutes, not 100.

Support and extension

Each finish is later in the same forward part of a day, no more than an hour after the start. Use five-minute steps on a teaching clock if helpful. Ask the learner to explain one route; equivalent correct routes are welcome.